

Equal Groups

Advanced — ANSWER KEY

No picture — write the two forms, then find missing numbers.

Think: Groups $\times$ in-each = total. If you know the total and one part, divide to find the other.

1. Write each as repeated addition and as multiplication.

1) Write it two ways.

There are **8** groups of **9**.

$$9 + 9 + \dots \text{ (8 times) } = \mathbf{72} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{8 \times 9 = 72}$$

3) Write it two ways.

There are **7** groups of **5**.

$$5 + 5 + \dots \text{ (7 times) } = \mathbf{35} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{7 \times 5 = 35}$$

5) Write it two ways.

There are **7** groups of **8**.

$$8 + 8 + \dots \text{ (7 times) } = \mathbf{56} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{7 \times 8 = 56}$$

2) Write it two ways.

There are **5** groups of **5**.

$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = \mathbf{25} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{5 \times 5 = 25}$$

4) Write it two ways.

There are **6** groups of **7**.

$$7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = \mathbf{42} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{6 \times 7 = 42}$$

6) Write it two ways.

There are **7** groups of **7**.

$$7 + 7 + \dots \text{ (7 times) } = \mathbf{49} \quad \text{or} \quad \mathbf{7 \times 7 = 49}$$

2. Find the missing number.

1) $4 \times \mathbf{8} = 32$

2) $\mathbf{4} \times 7 = 28$

3) $\mathbf{6} \times 6 = 36$

4) $8 \times \mathbf{8} = 64$